Public Document Pack

Southend-on-Sea Borough Council

Department of the Chief Executive

John Williams - Director of Democratic & Legal Services

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PEOPLE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE - THURSDAY, 6TH APRIL, 2017

Please find enclosed a copy of the following presentation given at the special meeting held on Thursday, 6th April, 2017:-

Agenda No Item

- 4. <u>Mid and South Essex Sustainability and Transformation Plan and Success Regime</u> (Pages 1 34)
- 5. Southend University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (Pages 35 44)

As you know, this item was deferred - please find attached the presentation which would have been given at the meeting by Yvonne Blucher, Managing Director, Southend University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust







Recap on current position

Mid and South Essex Success Regime

Dr Celia Skinner, Chief Medical Officer, Hospital Services Ian Stidston, Accountable Officer, CP&R / Southend CCGs







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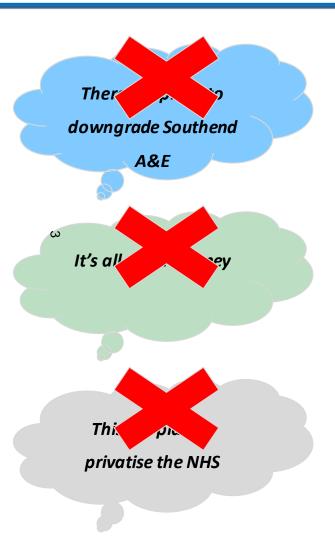
Three popular MYTHS

There are plans to downgrade Southend A&E

It's all about saving money

This is a plan to privatise the NHS

Three popular MYTHS



- Building a new network of emergency care
- Local A&E and assessment units for older people, children and surgical assessment much more than minor injuries
- Investment and capital are part of plan
- Biggest driver best use of workforce

Main aim - to create a sustainable NHS

Recap on current challenges

- Rising demands overstretching health and care services
 - 81% GPs seeing patients with more complex conditions diabetes, COPD, dementia
 - 18% rise in 2016/17 in ambulances for serious emergencies
 - Rise in A&E attendances since 2012:

| 1 | National average | Mid and South Essex |
|---|------------------|---------------------|
| • | 1.6% | 4.6% |

Traditional style workforce is unsustainable

- Recruitment challenges for Essex in both health and care currently over 2,000 vacancies in NHS
- GPs and nurses reaching retiring age
- Modern standards require hospital specialists 24/7

Local feedback on what needs to change

Top 12 common views about what needs to improve

- Access to GPs
- 2. Better access to community care
- 3. Prevention
- 4. Staffing
 - 5. Efficiency improvements
 - 6. Increase in Government funding
 - Mental health
 - 8. Integrated health and social care
 - 9. Increase/improvement in social care
 - 10. Education for the public on services
 - 11. Discharge and care planning
 - 12. Better hospital experience

Recap on the vision



Networks of care in your area

GP, community, mental health, social care working as one

Wider range of services and clinics

Joined up professionals
- the "multidisciplinary team"



Your local

services

INVEST \$ SHIFT

In hospital

3 hospitals working better as a group

Designated specialist emergency care

Emergency surgery and **planned** surgery are separate **Streamlined** specialist care

Our untapped potential in the community



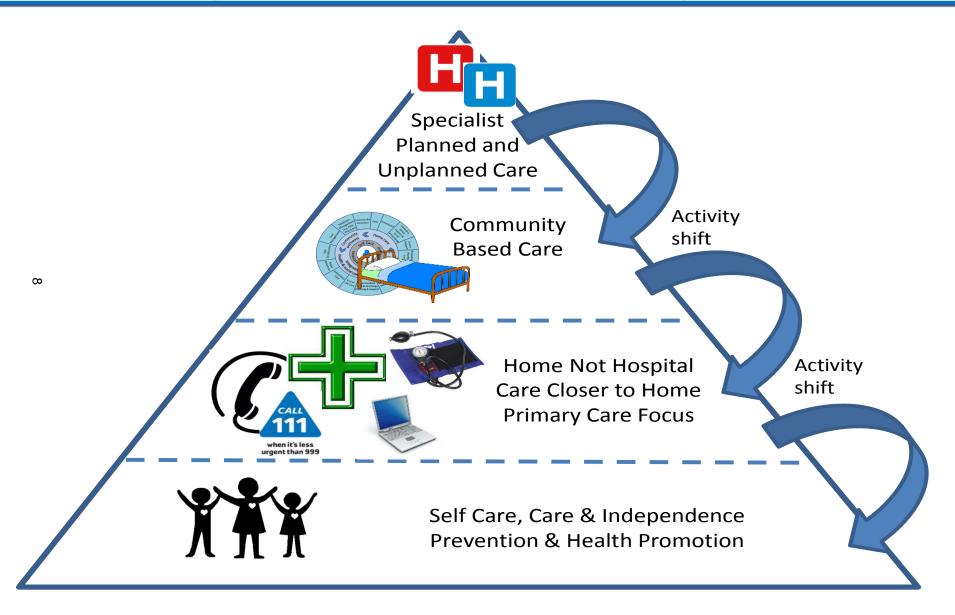
- Campaigns and information for self-care
- New technology and support tools
- Joined up patient information and access to care record
- Partnership with vol sector and community services



Earlier treatment to avoid illness and hospital stays

- New practitioners and ways of working not always a GP
- Joined up services linked to GP hubs wider range of services "out of hospital"
- Co-ordinated network of emergency care 111, out of hours, rapid response teams
- Early intervention with joined up care

Delivering care to population segments

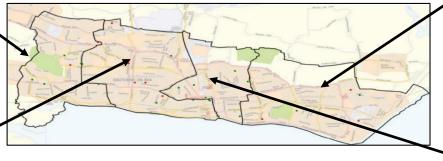


Southend localities overview

| West Locality | List Size |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| Krishnan A C & Partner | 4,955 |
| Malik SA | 3,413 |
| Dr Sathanandans Practice | 3,379 |
| Eastwood Group Practice | 11,745 |
| Highlands Surgery | 11,393 |
| The Leigh Surgery | 1,854 |
| Family Healthcare Practice | 17,717 |
| The Pall Mall Surgery | 2,027 |
| Total | 56,483 |

| East Locality | List Size |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | Size |
| Dr Dhillon's Surgery | 2,340 |
| Shoebury Health Centre | 7,088 |
| North Shoebury Surgery | 3,465 |
| Dr Mario & Partners Surgery | 3,782 |
| Dr Marasco Surgery | 2,443 |
| Shaftesbury Avenue Practice | 6,764 |
| The Thorpe Bay Surgery | 2,939 |
| Central Surgery | 7,671 |
| Total | 36,492 |

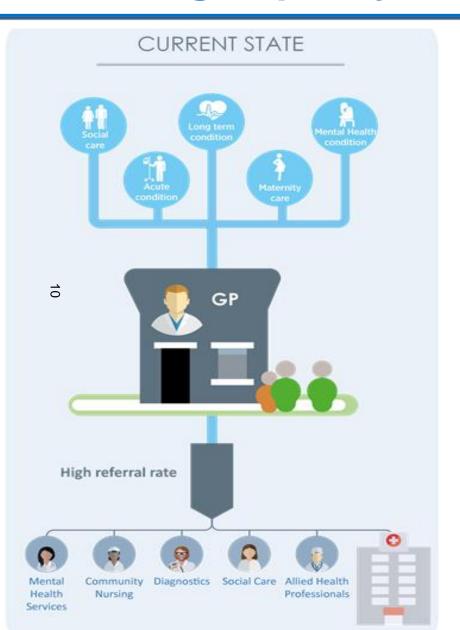


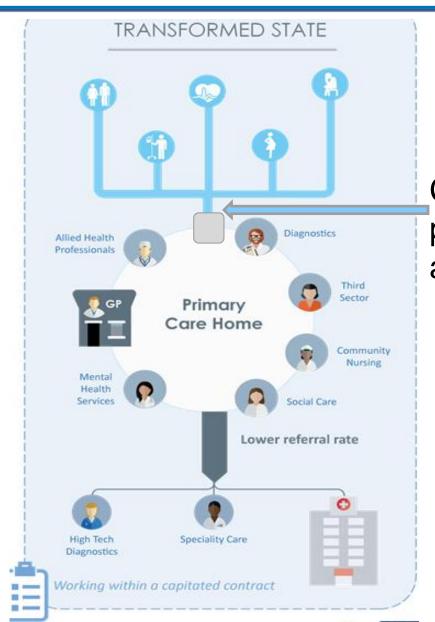


| West Central Locality | List Size |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| Scott Park Surgery | 2,689 |
| Sooriakumaran V & Partner | 4,432 |
| Southbourne Grove Surgery | 3,331 |
| Dr Bekas Medical Centre | 1,619 |
| Valkyrie Surgery | 16,271 |
| Southend Medical Centre | 4,609 |
| Victoria Surgery & SAS | 325 |
| Total | 33,276 |

| | _ |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| East Central Locality | List Size |
| Dr L Vashist Surgery | 2,996 |
| North Avenue Surgery | 2,424 |
| St Luke's Health Centre | 6,220 |
| West Road Surgery | 7,976 |
| Central Surgery | 5,059 |
| New Westborough Road Surgery | 3,524 |
| Queensway Medical Centre | 20,823 |
| Carnarvon Medical Centre | 6,407 |
| The Practice Northumberland Avenue | 5,009 |
| Total | 60,438 |

Building capacity in your local services





Central point of access

Complex Care Initiative

Aims

Work with practices to deliver:

- Risk stratification: identify most complex /at risk patients
- Complex Care: Multi-disciplinary team with single care plan
- Case Management: review and implement plan

Outcomes

- Where appropriate, complex patients stay within their own home, with support to stay healthy and independent for as long as possible
- Relieve pressures on primary care by reducing need for multiple appointments/follow ups
- Reduce A&E attendances and hospital admission

Our future hospitals – rationale for change

The challenge

Sustain high quality care and safety

- Recruit and retain clinical workforce
- Create centres of excellence

Meet rising demands

- Improve flow of patients
- Reduce operational and financial pressures

Meet national standards

- Adopt best practice
- Maintain senior medical cover 24/7

Addressing the challenge

- Redesignate emergency centres
 - 24/7 specialist cover improve rotas with larger teams
 - Reduce agency staff
- Separate planned from emergency
 - Improve patient experience reduce cancelled operations
 - Improve efficiency and throughput
- 3 Consolidate services
 - Better outcomes from higher volumesReduce length of stay treat more people

Our future hospitals – what stays local

No change for existing centres of excellence

- Cancer and Radiotherapy at Southend
- Cardiothoracic Centre, Basildon life-saving heart and lung treatments
- Plastic Surgery and Burns Centre at Broomfield in Chelmsford

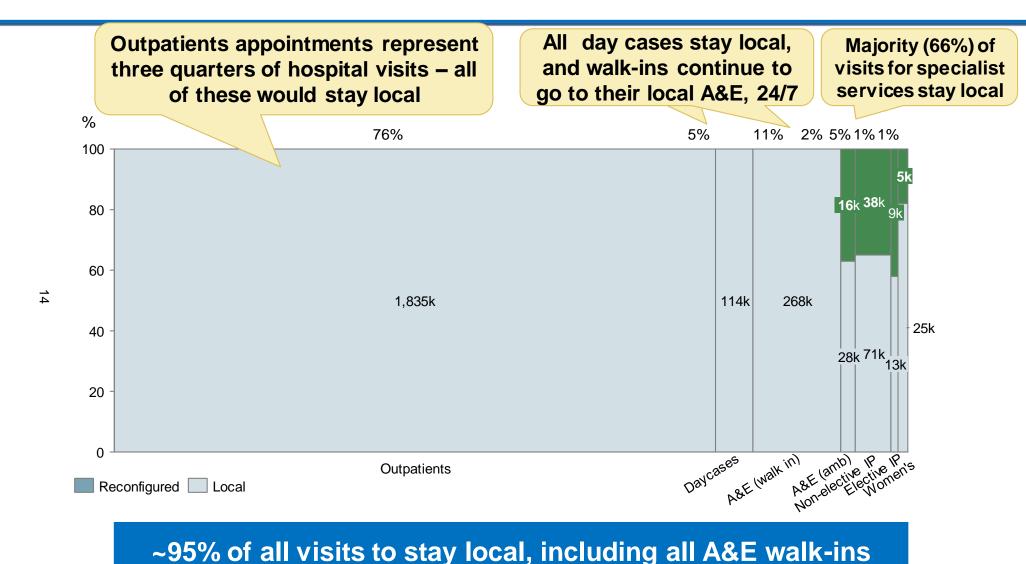
Services that would be provided at local sites

- A&E at all three sites for walk-in and ambulances
- Surgical assessment unit
- Frailty assessment unit
- Children's assessment unit
- Outpatient clinics
- Day surgery
- Midwife-led maternity unit and obstetrician cover
- Step down beds for after surgery or specialist care





Our future hospitals - majority stays local



Note: local defined as staying at current hospital. Outpatients defined as all booked outpatient appointments at the three trusts, and includes patients from other CCG catchments. Source: HES A&E, inpatients and outpatients data, 15/16. 1. Modelling assumes that 20% of walk-ins closer to the non-SEHC sites will go straight to the SEHC

Our future hospitals – possible options

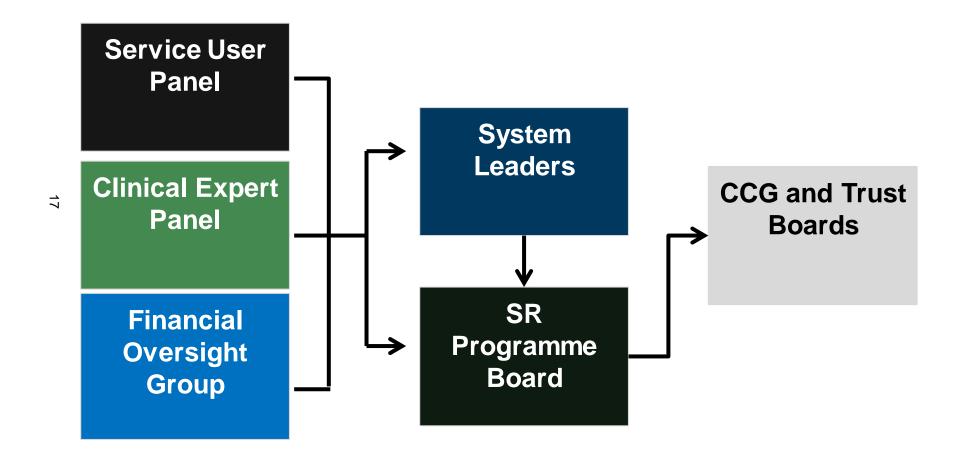
| Option | Basildon | Broomfield | Southend |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| 1A | Essex Cardiothoracic Centre Specialist emergency hospital Specialist obstetric centre | Plastics & Burns Centre Emergency centre Elective surgery Children's centre | Cancer Centre H Emergency centre Elective surgery |
| 1B | Essex Cardiothoracic Centre H Emergency centre Elective surgery | Plastics & Burns Centre Specialist emergency hospital Specialist obstetric centre Children's centre | Cancer Centre H Emergency centre Elective surgery |
| 1C | Essex Cardiothoracic Centre H Emergency centre Elective surgery | Plastics & Burns Centre Emergency centre Elective surgery Children's centre | Cancer Centre Specialist emergency hospital Specialist obstetric centre |
| 2A | Essex Cardiothoracic Centre Specialist emergency hospital Specialist obstetric centre | Plastics & Burns Centre Emergency centre Elective surgery Children's centre | H Cancer Centre Local emergency centre Centre for planned care |
| 2B | Essex Cardiothoracic Centre Emergency centre Elective surgery | Plastics & Burns Centre Specialist emergency hospital Specialist obstetric centre | Cancer Centre H Local emergency centre Centre for planned care |

Children's centre

Narrowing down using four main criteria

| Criteria | Description | Weighting | |
|------------|---|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Quality, outcomes, and safety Meet national recommendations (e.g. Willetts, Cumberlege), move towards best practice quality standards (e.g. Royal Colleges), meet safety standards, optimise patient experience, reduce variation in provision | 35% ¹ | |
| ō 2 | Sustainability of clinical workforce • Move to best practice workforce standards, ease recruitment and retention, improve training opportunities (e.g. Royal Colleges), quality of working life for all staff | 25% | Scored by main group |
| 3 | Access Maintain appropriate access and choice for patients, relatives and workforce | 22% | |
| 4 | Efficiency and productivity | 18% | Scored by FOG |

Options appraisal panels



Supporting evidence and information

Criteria

Key sources of evidence and information

Quality, safety, and outcomes

- Clinical Senate reports
- Independent review by Eastern Academic Health Science Network
- Evidence on correlation between volumes and outcomes
- Information on impact of travel times on outcomes
- Evidence on impact of separation of emergency from planned
- Evidence from patient surveys

Sustainability of workforce

- Evidence from the clinical sub groups on workforce and ability to meet standards in emergency, paediatrics, maternity, surgery
- Evidence from staff surveys

Access

- Information on likely impact of:
 - Ambulance travel times
 - Travel times by car
 - Travel times by public transport and possible mitigations

Productivity and efficiency

- Information on the likely savings including:
 - Improved productivity (e.g. reduced length of stay)
 - Economies of scale
 - Reduction in reliance on agency expenditure
 - Repatriation (e.g. patients going into London to come back to Essex)

Narrowing down options – overall pattern

| Panels | 1A | 1B | 1C | 2A | 2B |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Service user representatives | 3.53 | 3.53 | 3.19 | 3.81 | 3.59 |
| Clinical experts | 3.40 | 3.40 | 2.14 | 4.18 | 4.18 |
| System leaders | 3.40 | 3.02 | 2.68 | 4.02 | 3.74 |



Required capital investment

| | | Quality, outcomes, and safety | Workforce | Access | Efficiency and productivity | Total score | Normalized score (High score = 100) | Capital req. (£M) | Value for money score ¹ |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|----------------------|--|
| O | ption 1A | 1.22 | 0.76 | 0.70 | 0.72 | 3.40 | 84.52 | 78 | 1.08 |
| O | ption 1B | 1.02 | 0.71 | 0.57 | 0.72 | 3.02 | 75.02 | 106 | 0.71 |
| | ption 1C | 0.86 | 0.62 | 0.49 | 0.72 | 2.68 | 66.77 | 92 | 0.73 |
| | ption 2A | 1.41 | 0.99 | 0.72 | 0.90 | 4.02 | 100.0 | 91 | 1.10 |
| O | ption 2B | 1.28 | 0.94 | 0.61 | 0.90 | 3.74 | 92.99 | 114 | 0.82 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Weight

35%

25%

22%

18%

Narrowing down options – current thinking

Option 2A received the highest score by all panels

Basildon

Essex Cardiothoracic Centre

Specialist emergency
hospital
Specialist obstetric centre

Plastics & Burns Centre
Emergency centre
Elective surgery
Children's centre

Southend

Cancer Centre
H Local emergency centre
Centre for planned care

Option 1A was highest scoring of model 1

1A

Essex Cardiothoracic Centre
Specialist emergency
hospital
Specialist obstetric centre

Plastics & Burns Centre
Emergency centre
Elective surgery
Children's centre

Cancer Centre

H Emergency centre

Elective surgery

 This is not a decision and does not rule out other options or variations at this stage

Current position

- STP summary and full documents published 23 Nov
 - Please visit <u>www.successregimeessex.co.uk</u>
- Further development within Success Regime workstreams data gathering, developing patient pathways
- Finalise business case for approval later this year
- Continuing engagement with local people
 - Further engagement with community groups
 - Service Users Advisory Group
 - Consultation later in 2017

Five key things to take away

- 1. A&E would continue at all three sites for vast majority of patients
- 2. Over 90% of local patients would be cared for at your local hospital
- 3. For most serious and life-threatening cases, national evidence tells us we could save more lives with a specialist emergency hospital
- 4. With one hospital concentrating on major emergencies, the other two have more space and specialists for planned operations
- 5. We have the opportunity to create one of the largest most successful hospital services in the country



Mid and South Essex Success Regime

What are your thoughts?





Mid and South Essex Success Regime

Back up slides if needed



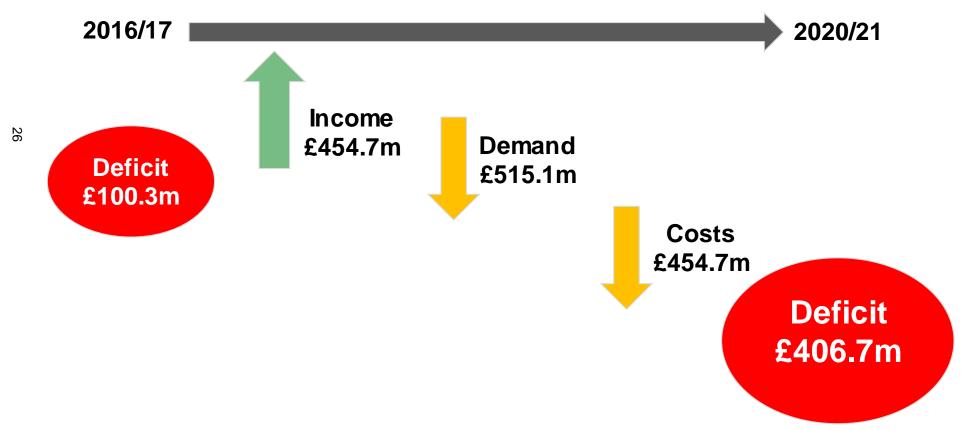




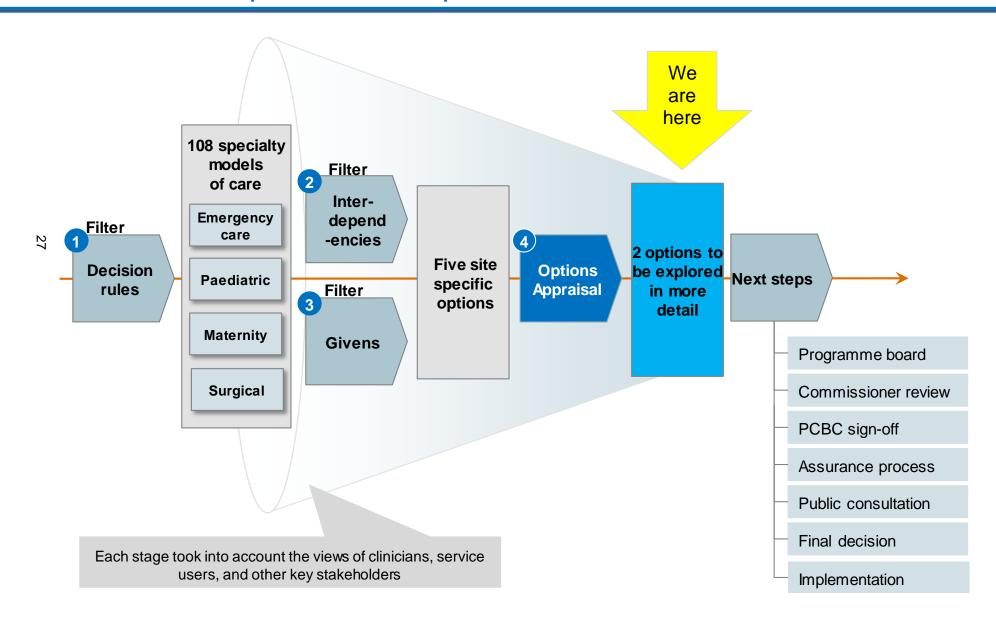
Why health and care needs to change

Fragmented system, over-reliant on hospitals is unaffordable

Future deficit if we did nothing to change over next 5 yrs



How we developed the five options and where we are now



Access – the tests

What the professionals are looking for

Sub-criteria Tests

Minimum emergency travel time

Travel times for patients and carers

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Access to high quality out of hours services

Improve access to range of specialist services

- Will it ensure most patients (>95%) are within 30 mins of specialist emergency hospital by blue-light?
- Will it provide reasonable access to services for patients, families and carers?
- Will it increase access to high quality services at evenings and weekends (e.g. staffing out of hours)?
- Will it maintain out of hours services?
- Will it increase specialty services?

What service users are looking for

- Consider roads, parking and public transport
- Improve patient information on where to go, what to do
- Support carers at specialist centres

Access: "blue light" travel time within 45 mins

| Ор | ition | Journey | | Avg. affected ambulances/day | Current time (min- | -max) | Addition | nal time | % with | hin 30 | % wit | hin 35 | % wit | hin 45 |
|----|-------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| | | From (catchment) | To ¹ | | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak |
| | | SUHFT | BTUHFT | 32 | ~8 m (2–23 min) | ~7 m (2–23 min) | ~+14 m (+2–18 min) | ~+12 m (+1–15 min) | 96% | 96% | 96% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | 1A | MEHT | BTUHFT | 21 | ~13 m (3–22 min) | ~11 m (3–20min) | ~+14 m (+2–23 min) | ~+10m (+2–18 min) | 78% | 92% | 97% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| 29 | 1D | SUHFT | MEHT | 32 | ~8 m (2–23min) | ~7 m (2 – 23min) | ~+25 m (+9–31 min) | ~+21 m (+7–26 min) | 30% | 70% | 67% | 93% | 100% | 100% |
| Θ | 1B | BTUHFT | MEHT | 15 | ~13 m (7–31 min) | ~11 m (6–27 min) | ~+11 m (+2–17 min) | ~+10 m (+0–14 min) | 93% | 93% | 93% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | 1C | MEHT | SUHFT | 16 | ~14 m (3–22min) | ~11 m (3 –20min) | ~+14 m (+8–27 min) | ~+11 m (+5–21 min) | 62% | 95% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | 10 | BTUHFT | SUHFT | 23 | ~10 m (1–31 min) | ~9 m (1–27 min) | ~+9 m (+3–21 min) | ~+7 m (+0–15 min) | 96% | 98% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | 2A | SUHFT | BTUHFT | 58 | ~8 m (2–23min) | ~7 m (2–23min) | ~+14 m (+2–18 min) | ~+12 m (+1–15 min) | 96% | 96% | 96% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | ZA | MEHT | BTUHFT | 22 | ~13 m (3–22 min) | ~11 m (3–20 min) | ~+14 m (+2–23 min) | ~+10 m (+2–18 min) | 78% | 92% | 97% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| 2B | | SUHFT | BTUHFT | 27 | ~8 m (2–23min) | ~7 m (2 – 23min) | ~+14 m (+2–18 min) | ~+12 m (+1–15 min) | 96% | 96% | 96% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | 2B | SUHFT | MEHT | 32 | ~8 m (2–23min) | ~7 m (2 – 23min) | ~+25 m (+9–31 min) | ~+21 m (+7–26 min) | 30% | 70% | 67% | 93% | 100% | 100% |
| | | BTUHFT | MEHT | 15 | ~13 m (7–31 min) | ~11 m (6–27 min) | ~+11 m (+2–17 min) | ~+10 m (+0–14 min) | 93% | 93% | 93% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

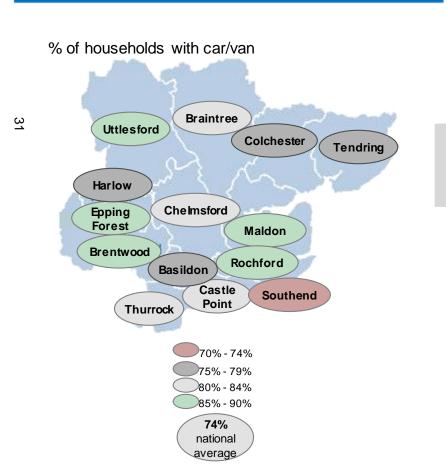
Access: 80% car journeys within 45 mins (Not including parking)

| Option | Population within 30 min | | Population wi | thin 35 min | Population within 45 min | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | Off-peak | Peak | |
| Current | 95% | 92% | 98% | 98% | 100% | 100% | |
| 1 A ဗွ H H H | 77% | 60% | 88% | 73% | 96% | 91% | |
| 1 B | 61% | 49% | 78% | 58% | 92% | 82% | |
| 1 C | 79% | 54% | 92% | 77% | 99% | 92% | |
| 2 A H H H | 77% | 60% | 88% | 73% | 96% | 91% | |
| 2 B | 61% | 49% | 78% | 58% | 92% | 82% | |

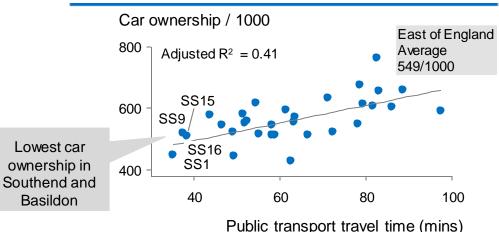
Assumption: people will travel to their closest open hospital Source: BCG Geoanalytics

Access: Car ownership across the area

In general, high level of car ownership across the region...



... with lower car ownership districts closer to hospital via public transport¹



SR is working to address remaining concerns over increased public transport travel times

- Need to address potential disadvantages of minority who face long distances by public transport
- Need to address potential issues for protected groups

Impact assessments in progress to identify mitigation and support for patients, relatives, and carers

 Includes working with local authorities, voluntary sector, and service users

Estimated increase in use of public transport

Preliminary view – being refined by public transport work stream

Patient visits

| | From Basildon area to MEH | From Basildon area to SUH | From Mid Essex area to BTUH | From Mid Essex area to SUH | From Southen d area to BUHFT | From Southen d area to MEH | Visits per day |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1A | ~2 | ~2 | ~1 | ~0 | ~1 | ~1 | ~7 |
| 1B | ~1 | ~0 | ~2 | ~2 | ~0 | ~2 | ~7 |
| 1C | ~0 | ~1 | ~0 | ~1 | ~3 | ~4 | ~9 |
| 2A | ~0 | ~4 | ~1 | ~0 | ~3 | ~0 | ~8 |
| ^N 2B | ~1 | ~0 | ~0 | ~4 | ~0 | ~3 | ~8 |

Family & friend visits

| | From Basildon area to MEH | From Basildon area to SUH | From Mid Essex area to BTUH | From Mid Essex area to SUH | From Southend area to BUHFT | From Southend area to MEH | Visits per day |
|------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 A | ~5 | ~4 | ~5 | ~0 | ~10 | ~3 | ~27 |
| 1B | ~9 | ~1 | ~4 | ~5 | ~0 | ~12 | ~31 |
| 1C | ~2 | ~8 | ~0 | ~5 | ~7 | ~9 | ~31 |
| 2A | ~1 | ~8 | ~5 | ~0 | ~31 | ~2 | ~47 |
| 2B | ~9 | ~1 | ~0 | ~9 | ~0 | ~32 | ~51 |

Initial findings

Suggests small increase of patients on public transport

 Partially driven by all daycases and outpatient procedures remaining local

Larger nos. of additional relatives may need public transport

Visits for both elective and non-elective in-patients

Greater impact for option 2B

- 8 additional patients/day
- 51 additional relatives/day

Impact of staff travel on public transport currently being estimated

Access – Further work in progress

Transport project team assessing impacts

- Data analysis by specialty and age
- Range of assumptions
 - Car ownership, inter-site shuttle, subsidised public transport
 - Contracts for patient transport
 - Patient choice

- Access to other hospitals outside mid and south Essex

Essex Transport Integration Programme - transport between hospital sites

- Potential to decrease vehicle congestion at hospital sites with additional bus routes
- Major towns where hospitals are located are largely well-served

Reviewing wider strategic plans for road infrastructure - part of Essex Traffic Management Strategy

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Southend People Scrutiny Committee

Yvonne Blucher

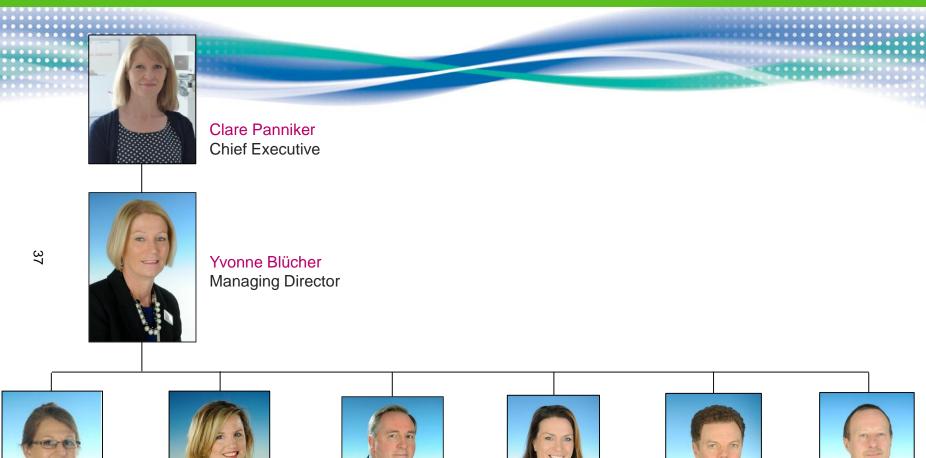
Managing Director – Southend Hospital



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Joint Executive Group Southend University Hospital WHS **NHS Foundation Trust** hief Executive - Clare Panniker **Chief Medical** Chief Chief Chief Chief Chief Chief Officer **Transformati** Information **Estates and Nurse** Human **Finance** Officer **Facilities** on Officer Resources Officer Dr Celia Skinner Martin **Director** Diane Sarkar Tom Abell **Director** James Carin Mary O'Sullivan Callingham Foulkes Charlton Managing Managing Managing **Director Director** (Mid **Director** (Basildon) Essex) Southend) Yvonne Clare Lisa Hunt Blücher Culpin

Our local leadership team



Jo Furley Director of Operations

Cathy O'Driscoll Director of Human Resources & Organisational Development



Neil Rothnie Medical Director



Denise Townsend Director of Nursing



Adrian Buggle Director of Finance



John Henry **Director of Estates** & Facilities



CQC Inspection in January 2016,

Our ratings for Southend University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

| | | Safe | Effective | Caring | Responsive | Well-led | Overall |
|----|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Urgent and emergency services | Good | Good | Good | Good | Outstanding | Good |
| | Medical care | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Requires improvement | Good | Requires improvement |
| | Surgery | Good | Good | Good | Requires improvement | Good | Good |
| 38 | Critical care | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Good | Good | Good |
| • | Maternity and gynaecology | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Good | Good | Good |
| | Services for children and young people | Requires improvement | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Requires improvement | Requires improvement |
| | End of life care | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Requires improvement | Requires improvement | Requires improvement |
| | Outpatients and diagnostic imaging | Requires improvement | Not rated | Good | Requires improvement | Requires improvement | Requires improvement |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Overall | Requires improvement | Good | Good | Requires improvement | Requires improvement | Requires improvement |

Further focused inspection February 2017 – Awaiting report

Performance

- ED Performance improvement against 4 hour target in March 2017 is now 92.07% against a national target of 95% (local target of over 90%
- Challenges

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- Delayed transfers to the community providers
- A&E attendances increasing
- Lack of other services for patients
- Section 136 changes
- Cancer targets are being met for 2 week wait, however, 62 day cancer performance is currently at 64.9% (provisional) against a target of 85%
- Referral To Treatment performance 86.57% February 2017 (confirmed) against a target of 92%



Finances

- Currently on target for control total £16.2m full year forecast £14.4m
 favourable year-end variance represents the STF incentive bonus of £1.7
- Challenges
 - Need to continue to find cost improvement plans for £11m for 2017/18
 - Unfunded Essex Success Regime programme
 - Cost of Agency
 - Funding pay
 - CCG affordability / contract negotiations

Vacancy Numbers

There has been a decrease in the all vacancy numbers over the last 11 months.

| | Feb | -16 | Feb-17 | | |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|--|
| | Vacancy Rate | No. of Vacancies | Vacancy Rate | No. of Vacancies | |
| Trust | 8.06% | 324.95 | 6.70% | 272.3 | |
| Nursing (trained) | 11.83% | 144.40 | 10.26% | 126.67 | |
| Nursing (untrained) | 5.29% | 26.30 | 8.60% | 48.69 | |
| Consultants | 9.88% | 20.20 | 7.51% | 15.07 | |

NB: The above figures are calculated using establishment and substantive staff in post data.

Key issues

- High cost of Agency staff (all disciplines)
- Lack of Consultants in key areas DME, Respiratory, Stroke, Acute Medicine.
- Unfilled Junior Doctor posts
- Recruitment for Doctors and Nurses from abroad and awaiting English examinations

4



Recruitment Activity – achievements

- Overseas recruitment campaigns
 - Spain 66 Qualified Nurses arrived
 - Philippines 71 offers made 14 passed English examination with 5 confirmed starters for May
 - Potential joint overseas campaign with ESR Trusts
- Doctors
 - 38 offers since 01/01/17 11 of which are for Consultants
 - Targeting top 20 agency spend all Doctors replace with substantive or NHS locum
- Bank Recruitment
 - 85 recruited onto the bank since 01/01/17
 - 48 at offer stage effective 28/03/17



Other Initiatives in the pipeline

- Newly Qualified Nurses 36 offered to date from local Universities with start dates in Autumn 2017
 - Proactive nurse bank recruitment campaigns have increased numbers in the pipeline – both qualified and unqualified
 - Bank Auto enrolment process launched reducing the requirement for agency
 - Nurse Apprenticeships Programme due to be launched Summer 2017

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